1. (Currently Amended)	A method for operating a flue gas purification plant		
(10) with having at least one	absorber chamber (11), in which the method comprising:		
simultaneously oxidiz	ring CO and NO are simultaneously oxidized by means of		
with a catalyst in a first absorber (15) according to the SCONOx principle, and absorbing			
the resulting NO ₂ is absorbed on the catalyst surface, and in which;			
oxidizing SO ₂ is furthermore oxidized by means of with a catalyst in a second			
absorber (14)-upstream of the first absorber (15)-according to the SCOSOx principle, and			
absorbing the resulting SO ₃ is absorbed on the catalyst surface, in which method;			
disconnecting the absorber chamber (11) is disconnected from the flue gas stream			
in regularly repeating regeneration cycles, and regenerated by means of regenerating the			
absorber chamber with a regeneration gas containing hydrogen, and/or hydrogen			
compounds, or both;			
wherein the two absorbers (14, 15) of the absorber chamber (11) being are			
regenerated in succession-and;			
wherein regenerating comprises injecting regeneration gas being injected into the			
absorber chamber between the two absorbers (14, 15), characterized in that; and			
purging first the section of the absorber chamber (11) with the absorber to be			
regenerated later is first purged with a purge gas before the start of the regeneration of			
regenerating the absorber which is regenerated first.			
2. (Currently Amended)	The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in		
that comprising:			
using the regeneration gas is used as the purge gas.			
3. (Currently Amended)	The method as claimed in one of claims 1 and		
2Claim 1, characterized in that comprising:			
regenerating the SCOSOx absorber (14) is regenerated first; and			
regenerating the SCONOx absorber (15) is regenerated afterwardafter			
regenerating the SCOSOx absorber.			

(Currently Amended)

4.

The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 3Claim

1, characterized in that the wherein purging is carried out comprises purging over a time period of several seconds, in particular between 15 and 30 seconds.

5.	(Currently Amended)	The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 4 Claim
<u>1</u> , eł	naracterized in that comprising	<u>g:</u>
	disconnecting the absorber	r chamber (11) is disconnected from the flue gas stream
by n	neans of closable closing dam	pers (12, 13) at the input and output of the absorber
char	mber (11), in that ;	
	controlling the purging is	controlled by inlet and outlet valves (16, 17, 19, 29),;
and	in that	
	bringing the inlet and outl	et valves (16, 17, 19, 29) have already been brought -into
the :	a purging position necessary f	for the purging when before closing the dampers (12,
13)	are closed.	

6. (New) The method as claimed in Claim 5, wherein purging comprises purging over a time period of between 15 seconds and 30 seconds.